LEHIGH COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITORS' REPORTS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED **DECEMBER 31, 2014**



B Company & Company

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TOWNSHIP OF SALISBURY, LEHIGH COUNTY

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Township of Salisbury**, **Lehigh County**, **Pennsylvania**, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. The prior year summarized comparative information has been derived from the Township's 2013 financial statements and in our report dated March 31, 2014, we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

OPINIONS

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township, as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

OTHER MATTERS

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the Required Supplementary Information, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

OTHER INFORMATION

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2015, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bushta & Company

BETHLEHEM, PENNSYLVANIA

March 31, 2015



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT on INTERNAL CONTROL over FINANCIAL REPORTING and on COMPLIANCE and OTHER MATTERS BASED on an AUDIT of FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED in ACCORDANCE with GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

TOWNSHIP OF SALISBURY, LEHIGH COUNTY

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Township of Salisbury**, **Lehigh County**, **Pennsylvania** as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Township's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2015.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The Township's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.

A *deficiency* in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bushta & Company

BETHLEHEM, PENNSYLVANIA

March 31, 2015

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2014

The discussion and analysis of Township of Salisbury's financial performance provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Township's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.



The Township of Salisbury was founded in 1753, and is a First Class Township of the State of Pennsylvania.

The Township operates under an elected Board of Commissioners, and provides the following services to its residents: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, culture-recreation, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

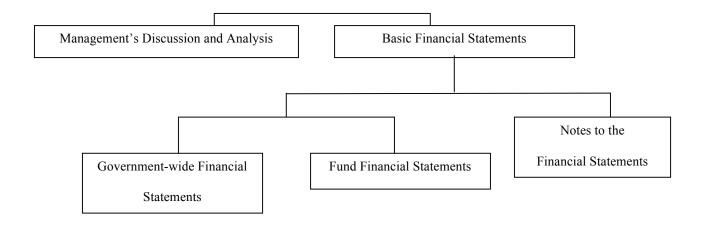
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key government-wide financial highlights for 2014 are as follows:

- In total, net position was \$18,021,688.
- General revenues accounted for \$5,612,639 in revenue or 4% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$6,437,349 or 53% of total revenues of \$12,049,988.
- Total assets of governmental activities were \$14,579,831 of which \$3,233,687 represents unrestricted cash and investments, though certain tentative management plans do assign \$1,177,300 of those dollars. Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation were \$12,554,488.
- The Township had \$12,278,299 in expenses; only \$6,437,349 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants, or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$5,601,666 were adequate to provide for these programs. The tax levy was the same as the prior year at 1.61103 aggregate mills for the year.
- Expenses, after program revenue was \$5,840,950.

USING THIS GENERAL ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPALS REPORT (GAAP)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Township of Salisbury as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.



The Statement of Net position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole Township, presenting both an aggregate view of the Township's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Township's most significant funds with all other non-major funds. In the case of Township of Salisbury, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund.

REPORTING THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the Township to provide programs and activities, the view of the Township as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during the year?" The Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities answer this question.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2014

Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities (continued)

These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. The basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the Township's net position and changes in those assets. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Township as a whole, the financial position of the Township has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, and some not. Non-financial factors include the Township's property tax base, current property tax laws in Pennsylvania restricting revenue growth, facility condition, required public works and public safety activities, and other factors. In the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities, the Township reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the Township's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, general government, public works, public safety, and recreation. The Township also engages in business-like activities, which includes the sewer and water funds.

Table 1 provides a summary of the Township's net position:

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Assets					
Current and Other Assets	\$ 5,868,928	\$ 9,716,842	\$ 9,538,007	\$ 10,718,641	\$ 12,212,242
Capital Assets	12,554,488	12,699,296	13,223,287	13,190,615	12,988,153
	21,943,490	22,416,138	22,761,294	23,909,256	25,200,395
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities	1,360,010	1,522,961	1,185,493	2,027,535	1,831,575
Long-Term Liabilities	2,561,792	2,643,178	2,831,572	3,040,917	3,325,060
	3,921,802	4,166,139	4,017,065	5,068,452	5,156,635
Net position					
Invested in Capital Assets,					
Net of related Debt	10,389,488	10,419,296	10,703,287	10,310,615	9,753,153
Restricted	1,535,983	1,630,235	1,596,582	1,177,303	2,079,872
Unrestricted	6,096,217	6,200,468	6,444,360	7,352,886	8,210,735
	<u>\$ 18,021,688</u>	<u>\$ 18,249,999</u>	\$ 18,744,229	<u>\$ 18,840,804</u>	<u>\$ 20,043,760</u>

 $\begin{array}{l} M \text{ANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)} \\ \text{December } 31,2014 \end{array}$

REPORTING THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities (continued)

Table 2 provides a summary of the Township's statement of activities:

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services.

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 5,338,038	\$ 6,029,219	\$ 5,812,965	\$ 5,531,866	\$ 5,324,131
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,008,711	851,294	831,983	1,248,628	766,886
Capital Grants and Contributions	90,600	95,984	99,815	9,000	16,600
General Revenues					
Taxes	5,601,666	4,956,983	4,528,276	4,223,846	4,064,224
Investment Earnings	10,973	15,276	16,479	25,657	67,367
Total Revenues	12,049,988	11,948,756	11,289,518	11,038,997	10,239,208
Program Expenses					
General Government	924,575	1,005,527	836,252	993,841	919,576
Public Safety	2,473,465	2,796,135	2,236,735	2,418,986	2,070,415
Public Works	2,990,188	2,954,085	2,597,099	3,667,988	2,992,969
Cultural and Recreation	194,873	158,344	177,982	127,865	106,212
Other	1,691,050	1,575,235	1,615,112	1,567,867	1,563,345
Interest on Long-Term Debt	64,694	64,340	62,940	62,477	53,089
Unallocated Depreciation	249,298	249,298	249,298	232,149	259,050
Public Water	1,497,294	1,563,558	1,597,232	1,411,638	1,450,492
Public Sewer	2,192,862	2,076,464	2,013,443	1,759,142	1,586,860
Total Expenses	12,278,299	12,442,986	11,386,093	12,241,953	11,002,008
Increase in Net position	\$ (228,311)	\$ (494,230)	\$ (96,575)	<u>\$(1,202,956)</u>	<u>\$ (762,800)</u>

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2014

Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services.

That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue.

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
General Government	\$ (327,148)	\$ (252,555)	\$ 127,341	\$ (114)	\$ (297,624)
Public Safety	(1,973,146)	(2,473,662)	(1,962,657)	(2,075,067)	(1,773,753)
Public Works	(980,093)	(961,256)	(565,807)	(1,620,471)	(1,008,895)
Cultural and Recreation	(194,873)	(158,344)	(177,982)	(127,865)	(106,212)
Other	(1,167,400)	(1,012,148)	(1,085,374)	(973,253)	(1,215,517)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	(64,694)	(64,340)	(62,940)	(62,477)	(53,089)
Unallocated Depreciation	(249,298)	(249,298)	(249,298)	(232,149)	(259,050)
Public Water	(175,561)	(155,795)	(67,395)	19,279	29,366
Public Sewer	(698,293)	(124,071)	(597,218)	(380,342)	(209,617)
	\$ (5,840,950)	<u>\$ (4,641,330)</u>	<u>\$ (4,641,330)</u>	<u>\$ (5,452,459)</u>	<u>\$ (4,894,391)</u>

The dependence upon real estate tax revenues is apparent. For all activities, general revenue support is 47%. The community, as a whole, is the primary support for the Township of Salisbury. The real estate taxes for the Township are collected from township residents. Assessed tax millage is 1.34155, 0.20861, and 0.06087 for general government, fire protection, and library services, respectively totaling \$1.61103.

Defining the Classifications of Expenditure:

- General Government activities includes the activities of the legislative board of Commissioners, the Township manager's office, financial administration, legal counsel, insurance, and physical plant.
- Public safety activities includes police protection, code enforcement, fire protection, and planning.
- Public Works includes general services, servicing of streets and storm sewers, and snow and ice removal.
- o Cultural and recreation includes the community center, library, and parks.
- o Other activities include insurance and employee benefits.
- o Interest on long-term debt and fiscal charges involve the transactions associated with the payment of interest and other related charges to debt of the Township.
- o Enterprise fund involves the activities in the public Water and sewer operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2014

REPORTING THE TOWNSHIP'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Township's major funds. The Township uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the Township's most significant funds.

Governmental Activities

Most of the Township's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Township's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

The following are the Township's governmental funds:

General Fund (Major Fund)

The general fund is the operating fund of the Township and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of The Commonwealth.

Special Revenue Fund (Non-major Fund)

The Special Revenue Fund accounts for specific revenue sources which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Township accounts for the Highway Aid program in this fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2014

REPORTING THE TOWNSHIP'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

The following are the Township's other funds: (continued)

Debt Service Fund (Non-major Fund)

The Debt Service Fund accounts for resources accumulated for the purpose of funding general

long-term debt obligations.

Enterprise Funds (Business Activities Fund) are used to account for operations that are

financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the costs of

providing sewer and water services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed

through user charges.

Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the Township in a trustee capacity. This

includes the Pension Trust Fund. The Pension Trust Fund is used to account for the four

retirement pension plans. The Pension Trust Fund is accounted for in essentially the same

manner as the Proprietary Fund since capital maintenance is critical.

THE TOWNSHIP'S FUNDS

As indicated above, these funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

All governmental funds had total revenues of \$9,198,365 and expenditures of \$9,310,147. Other

financing sources and uses include transfers between the funds of \$360,000.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

The Township's budget is prepared according to Pennsylvania law and is based on accounting

for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most

significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2014

CAPITAL ASSETS

Table 4
Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for *governmental activities*

	Balance January 1	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31
CAPITAL ASSETS				
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 668,641	\$	\$	\$ 668,641
Building and Building Improvements	8,405,990			8,405,990
Infrastructure	1,529,844			1,529,844
Vehicles	2,102,486	195,425		2,297,911
Equipment	704,653	194,384		899,037
	\$ 13,411,614	389,809	0	\$ 13,801,423
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION Building and Building Improvements Vehicles Equipment	\$ 3,146,593 1,470,635 223,994	\$ 127,538 105,458 16,302	\$	\$ 3,274,131 1,576,093 240,296
	\$ 4,841,222	\$ 249,298	\$ 0	\$ 5,090,520

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for *Business Type Activities*

	Balance January 1	Additions	Balance December 31
CAPITAL ASSETS			
Water System	\$ 3,234,969	\$	\$ 3,234,969
Sewer System	9,104,751		9,104,751
Computers and Equipment	489,601	62,938	552,539
	\$ 12,829,321	\$ 62,938	\$ 12,892,259
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			
Water System	\$ 1,830,754	\$ 62,113	\$ 1,892,867
Sewer System	6,869,663	286,144	7,155,807
	\$ 8,700,417	\$ 348,257	\$ 9,048,674

Description of the year's Capital Asset Activity:

- Overall capital assets increased \$389,809 for governmental activities.
- Depreciation for the year was \$249,298 and \$348,257 for governmental and business type activities, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
DECEMBER 31, 2014

DEBT SERVICE

These Bonds have been issued:

2010 General Obligation Bonds

The \$3,555,000 Bond was issued to provide funds for the advanced refunding of the Township's General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2002 and to finance the renovation and construction of the police department building. The bonds mature annually with interest due semiannually at interest rates averaging 2.945%, maturing in December 2029.

		Propri	etary
	Governmental	Fund	Types
	Fund Types	_(Enterpri	se Funds)
	General	Water	Sewer
	Fund	Fund	Fund
Outstanding, December 31,	\$ 1,863,000	\$ 302,000	<u>\$</u> 0

ASSIGNMENT OF UNRESERVED FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND

Designations indicate tentative management plans for future use of certain financial resources that may or may not be ultimately approved or result in expenditure. Generally, designations are supported by definitive plans approved by the Township. The nature and purpose of assigned fund balances are as follows:

2015 Assignments:		
Pension MMO	\$	622,200
Debt Service, 2010 G.O. Bonds		166,100
Debt Service, Lease Purchase financing		12,100
Debt Services, Volunteer Fire Companies		38,600
Police Dept/Emergency Mgmt Equipment		34,900
QRS Equipment & Supplies		15,700
Public Works' Equipment		63,000
Lindberg Park Improvements		202,400
ESFD Truck Repair & Facilities Upgrade		22,300
	\$1	,177,300

CURRENT FINANCIAL ISSUES AND CONCERNS

The Township of Salisbury continues to be financially sound. The Township of Salisbury Board of Commissioners and appointed staff have committed themselves to being fiscally responsible over the years and to appropriately addressing the Township's ongoing, growing needs. Despite the Township experiencing a leveling off of revenues from all primary sources (real estate tax, earned income tax and permit fees) over the last several years, we have been able to continue to provide a high-level of service to the residents, businesses and visitors of our community. In order to sustain this level of service, however, the potential exists for the occasional increase to the Township's real estate tax millage and/or utility service fees as deemed necessary and fiscally responsible.

In conclusion, the Township of Salisbury has committed itself to being fiscally responsible while appropriately addressing Township needs. It's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well managed, as official audits have demonstrated. The Township plans to continue its sound financial management to meet challenges of the future.

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Township of Salisbury's finances and to demonstrate our accountability of resources received and expended. If you have any questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact the Township offices at Salisbury Township, 2900 S. Pike Avenue, Allentown, PA 18103, 610-797-4000, or email Cathy Bonaskiewich, Assistant Manager/Finance Director, at cbonaskiewich@salisburytownshippa.org or Randy Soriano, Township Manager, at rsoriano@salisburytownshippa.org.



GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



STATEMENT NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2014

		2014		2013
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Memorandum Total
ASSETS				
Current Assets	Ф. 571.704	Ф. 225.520	Ф 007.222	Φ 014.536
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 571,794	\$ 235,539	\$ 807,333	\$ 914,536
Accounts Receivable Taxes Receivable	467,426 130,500	667,867	1,135,293	1,074,524
Investments	2,661,893	735,638	130,500 3,397,531	202,483 3,302,644
Investments	3,831,613	1,639,044	5,470,657	5,494,187
Non-current Assets				
General Fixed Assets				
Land	668,641		668,641	668,641
Building & Building Improvements	8,405,990		8,405,990	8,405,990
Infrastructure	1,529,844		1,529,844	1,529,844
Vehicles	2,297,911		2,297,911	2,102,486
Equipment	899,037	552,539	1,451,576	1,194,254
Water System		3,234,969	3,234,969	3,234,969
Sewer System		9,104,751	9,104,751	9,104,751
	13,801,423	12,892,259	26,693,682	26,240,935
Accumulated Depreciation	(5,090,520)	(9,048,674)	(14,139,194)	(13,541,639
Net General Fixed Assets	8,710,903	3,843,585	12,554,488	12,699,296
Restricted Investments	2,037,315	1,881,030	3,918,345	4,222,655
Restricted investments				
Defermed autiliary of marganiness	10,748,218	5,724,615	16,472,833	16,921,951
Deferred outflows of resources	14,579,831	7,363,659	21,943,490	22,416,138
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	431,217	285,724	716,941	723,192
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes	88,346	18,308	106,654	89,662
Deposits	536,415		536,415	470,610
Current Portion of LT Debt - Bonds Payable	165,479	26,444	191,923	239,497
Non-current Liabilities	1,221,457	330,476	1,551,933	1,522,961
Compensated Absences Provision	396,792		396,792	602,675
Bonds Payable - Long term	1,697,521	275,556	1,973,077	2,040,503
Ç	3,315,770	606,032	3,921,802	4,166,139
Deferred inflows of resources	0	0	0	0
NET POSITION				
Investment in Capital Assets,				
Net of Related Debt	6,847,903	3,541,585	10,389,488	10,419,296
Restricted for:	0,047,903	3,341,363	10,369,466	10,419,290
Specified Projects	1,177,300		1,177,300	1,345,250
Specified riojects Specified use	358,683		358,683	284,985
Unrestricted	2,880,175	3,216,042	6,096,217	6,200,468
Omesuicieu				
	\$ 11,264,061	\$ 6,757,627	\$ 18,021,688	\$ 18,249,999

				2014						
			Program Revenues	Z.		Net (Exp Chan	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	nd		
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Govern	Governmental B	Business-type		ğ	2013 Memorandum
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Acti		Activities	Total		Total
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 924,575	\$ 343,383	\$ 254,044	\$	∽	(327,148) \$		\$ (327,148)	S	(252,555)
Public safety	2,473,465	381,140	119,179		1)	1,973,146)		(1,973,146)		(2,473,622)
Public works	2,990,188	1,630,203	379,892			(980,093)		(980,093)		(961,256)
Recreation	194,873					(194,873)		(194,873)		(158,344)
Other	1,691,050	177,454	255,596	009'06	(1	(1,167,400)		(1,167,400)		(1,012,148)
Interest on Long-Term debt	64,694					(64,694)		(64,694)		(64,340)
Unallocated Depreciation	249,298					(249,298)		(249,298)		(249,298)
	8,588,143	2,532,180	1,008,711	90,600	4)	(4,956,652)	0	(4,956,652)		(5,171,563)
Business-Type Activities:										
Enterprise Funds	3,690,156	2,805,858					(884,298)	(884,298)		(294,926)
	\$ 12,278,299	\$ 5,338,038	\$ 1,008,711	\$ 90,600	8	(4,956,652) \$	(884,298)	\$ (5,840,950)	↔	(5,466,489)
	General revenues:									
	Taxes:									
	Property t	Property taxes, levied for gen	general purposes, net		2	2,456,479		2,456,479		1,902,277
	Taxes levi	ecific	purposes			351,731		351,731		352,193
	Local Services Tax	vices Tax				480,768		480,768		470,279
	Earned In	Earned Income Taxes			2	2,312,688		2,312,688		2,232,234
					5	5,601,666		5,601,666		4,956,983
	Interest Income	o				9,159	1,814	10,973		15,276
	Total ge	Total general revenues, spe	special items, and transfers	sfers	5	5,610,825	1,814	5,612,639		4,972,259
		Change	Change in Net Position			654,173	(882,484)	(228,311)		(494,230)
			Net Position—beginning	eginning	10					18,744,229
			Net Position—ending	nding	\$ 11	11,264,061	6,757,627	\$ 18,021,688	S	18,249,999

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 4,740,939

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide for current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds statements, rather it is reported as deferred revenue and netted through the related receivable.

Taxes Receivable 72,011

Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in funds.

General Fixed Assets 13,801,423 Accumulated Depreciation (5,090,520)

Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:

Compensated Absences Provision (396,792)

Bonds Payable (1,863,000)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities \$ 11,264,061

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 248,218

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide for current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds statements, rather it is reported as deferred revenue and netted through the related receivable.

Taxes Receivable (39,439)

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the period.

Depreciation (249,298) Capital Outlay 389,809

The current change in the provision for compensated absences is not recorded in the in the governmental funds, but is an expense and a change in the liability provision in the statement of net assets

205,883

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.

99,000

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ 654,173

FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



TOWNSHIP OF SALISBURY COMBINED BALANCE SHEETS

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2014 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

			Z	Non-Major				2013
	\mathbf{Z}	Major Fund		Funds			Ĭ	Memorandum
		General	Speci	Special Revenue		Totals		Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	S	571,794	S		↔	571,794	↔	569,421
Investments		2,290,501		371,392		2,661,893		1,968,658
Taxes receivable, net of allowance		76,916		9,633		86,549		91,033
Accounts receivable		467,426				467,426		404,983
Due from other funds						0		13,902
Restricted Investments		2,037,315				2,037,315	ļ	2,169,906
	S	5,443,952	S	381,025	S	5,824,977	S	5,217,903
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	408,875	S	22,342	S	431,217	S	162,038
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes		88,346				88,346		78,632
Due to other funds		28,060				28,060		13,902
Deposits		536,415				536,415		470,610
Deferred Revenue						0		0
		1,061,696		22,342		1,084,038		725,182
FUND BALANCE								
Committed						0		0
Assigned		1,177,300				1,177,300		1,345,250
Unassigned		3,204,956		358,683		3,563,639	ļ	3,147,471
		4,382,256		358,683		4,740,939		4,492,721
	S	5,443,952	S	381,025	S	5,824,977	S	5,217,903
]	

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	N	Iajor Fund		Non-Major Funds				2013	
				Special		Debt		M	emorandum
		General		Revenue		Service	Total		Total
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	5,205,984	\$	351,731	\$		\$ 5,557,715	\$	4,958,444
Licenses and permits		233,766					233,766		497,481
Fines, forfeits and costs		107,936					107,936		74,132
Interest and rents		63,839		100			63,939		66,008
Charges for services		1,975,747					1,975,747		1,845,596
Miscellaneous revenues		250,551		9,000			259,551		350,269
Intergovernmental revenues		660,431		339,280			999,711		809,744
		8,498,254		700,111		0	9,198,365		8,601,674
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General government		924,575					924,575		1,005,027
Public safety		2,447,829		268,071			2,715,900		2,787,666
Public works		3,258,577		361,478			3,620,055		3,324,051
Culture and recreation		113,134		81,739			194,873		158,344
Insurance and employee benefits		1,625,995					1,625,995		1,573,087
Miscellaneous		65,055					65,055		2,148
Debt service									
Principal retirement						99,000	99,000		99,503
Interest						64,694	64,694		64,340
Fiscal charges					_				500
		8,435,165	-	711,288	_	163,694	9,310,147		9,014,666
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		63,089		(11,177)) _	(163,694)	(111,782)		(412,992)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds from issuing debt							0		0
Operating transfers in		360,000		84,875		163,694	608,569		726,870
Operating transfers out		(248,569)		0 1,0 / 0		,	(248,569)		(314,270)
		111,431	-	84,875	_	163,694	360,000		412,600
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER					_				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER									
FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		174.520		72 600		0	240 210		(392)
		174,520		73,698		0	248,218		` ′
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1	_	4,207,736	_	284,985	_	0	4,492,721	_	4,493,113
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$	4,382,256	\$	358,683	_	\$ 0	\$ 4,740,939	\$	4,492,721

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2014

			_	_				2013
	Enterpri			se Funds			M	emorandum
	Water		Sewer		Total			Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	234,724	\$	815	\$	235,539	\$	345,115
Investments		661,749		73,889		735,638		1,333,986
Accounts receivable		284,238		383,629		667,867		669,541
Restricted Investments		769,893		1,111,137		1,881,030		2,052,749
Water and sewer systems		3,234,969		9,104,751		12,339,720		12,339,720
Vehicles and computer equipment		263,143		289,396		552,539		489,601
Accumulated depreciation		(1,892,867)		(7,155,807)		(9,048,674)		(8,700,417)
	\$	3,555,849	\$	3,807,810	\$	7,363,659	\$	8,530,295
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	77,090	\$	208,634	\$	285,724	\$	561,154
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes		9,154		9,154		18,308		11,030
Bonds Payable		302,000		0		302,000		318,000
		388,244		217,788		606,032		890,184
NEW ACCIONS								
NET ASSETS								
Net Assets		3,167,605	_	3,590,022		6,757,627	\$	7,640,111
	\$	3,555,849	\$	3,807,810	\$	7,363,659	\$	8,530,295

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Enterpris	se Funds		2013 Memorandum		
	Water	Sewer	Total	Total		
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 1,311,289	\$ 1,494,569	\$ 2,805,858	\$ 3,345,096		
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel	232,041	232,040	464,081	403,820		
Purchased services	50,248	50,537	100,785	85,969		
Supplies and maintenance	124,144	470,508	594,652	118,550		
Contractual payments	710,074	845,404	1,555,478	2,387,313		
Insurance	11,438	11,438	22,876	21,610		
Depreciation	62,113	286,144	348,257	348,257		
Administrative expenses	180,000	180,000	360,000	29,473		
Employee benefits	116,792	116,791	233,583	229,970		
	1,486,850	2,192,862	3,679,712	3,624,962		
OPERATING NET INCOME	(175,561)	(698,293)	(873,854)	(279,866)		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)						
Interest revenue	932	882	1,814	3,447		
Interest expense	(10,444)	0	(10,444)	(15,060)		
	(9,512)	882	(8,630)	(11,613)		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(185,073)	(697,411)	(882,484)	(291,479)		
NET ASSETS,						
JANUARY 1	3,352,678	4,287,433	7,640,111	7,931,590		
NET ASSETS,						
DECEMBER 31	\$ 3,167,605	\$ 3,590,022	\$ 6,757,627	\$ 7,640,111		

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Enterprise Funds			unds
		2014		2013
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from users	\$	2,807,532	\$	3,343,506
Cash paid to employees		(1,258,818)		(997,772
Cash paid to suppliers and contractors		(2,348,067)		(2,081,761
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		(799,353)		263,973
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Repayment of debt		(16,000)		(140,497
Interest and fiscal charges paid		(10,444)		(15,060
Purchase of system equipment and				
improvements		(55,660)		(73,564
Net Cash Used by Capital				
and Related Financing Activities	-	(82,104)	_	(229,121
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of investments		770,067		65,152
Interest received		1,814		3,447
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities		771,881		68,599
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(109,576)		103,451
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JANUARY 1st	_	345,115		241,664
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31st	<u>\$</u>	235,539	\$	345,115
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING NET INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income	\$	(873,854)	\$	(279,866
Adjustment to reconcile net operating		,		
income to net cash provided by				
operating activities:				
Depreciation		348,257		348,25
Increase in accounts receivable		1,674		(1,590
(Decrease) increase in accounts				
payable and accrued expenses		(275,430)		196,250
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	(799,353)	\$	263,97.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Police Pension Trust					
	2014			2013		
ASSETS						
Investments - restricted	<u>\$</u>	4,260,012	<u>\$</u>	4,067,089		
LIABILITIES	\$	0_	\$	0_		
NET ASSETS		4.0.00.04.0		4.0.0		
Reserved for retirement benefits	\$	4,260,012 4,260,012	\$	4,067,089 4,067,089		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

FIDUCIARY FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Police					
	Pension Trust					
		2014	2013			
ADDITIONS						
Contributions	\$	316,723	\$	288,043		
Interest, dividends, and net unrealized		,		,		
gains/losses		172,309		211,875		
		489,032		499,918		
DEDUCTIONS						
Administrative expenses		27,037		24,690		
Pension benefits		269,072		273,047		
		296,109		297,737		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		192,923		202,181		
NET ASSETS, JANUARY 1		4,067,089		3,864,908		
NET ASSETS, DECEMBER 31	\$	4,260,012	\$	4,067,089		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies and accompanying general purpose financial statements of The Township of Salisbury conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units.

Principles Determining Scope of Reporting Entity

The general purpose financial statements of the Township consist only of the funds and account groups of the Township. The Township has no oversight responsibility for any other governmental entity since no other entities are considered to be controlled by or dependent on the Township. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, funding, and appointment of the respective governing board.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the Primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Township at year-end.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Township's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Township. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Township.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The fiduciary fund is reported by type.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Township, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Township receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Township must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Township on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, grants, and fees.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Revenue:

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, but which were levied to finance the fiscal year's operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of costs, such as depreciation and amortization are not recognized in governmental funds.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the Township are included on the Statement of Net Assets.

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds. The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

General Fund (Major Fund)

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Township. Substantially all tax revenues, Federal and State aid (except aid restricted for use in the Special Revenue Funds) and other operating revenues are accounted for in the General Fund. This Fund also accounts for expenditures and transfers as appropriated in the budget which provides for the Township's day-to-day operations, including transfers to the Debt Service Fund for payment of long-term obligations.

Debt Service Fund (Non-Major Fund)

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for and payment of, interest and principal on long-term obligations.

Special Revenue Funds (Non-Major Fund)

The Liquid Fuels/Highway Aid Fund, the Fire Protection Fund, and the Library Tax Fund are Special Revenue Funds. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

Enterprise (Business Type Fund)

The Sewer Fund and Water Fund are Enterprise Funds. Enterprise Funds account for the provision of sewer and water services to the residents of the Township. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in these funds including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing and collection.

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

Trust and Agency Funds

Trust and Agency Funds account for assets held by the Township in a fiduciary capacity for others. The Police Pension Plan Fund is the only trust fund of the Township.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Township considers the funds held in the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT) as cash equivalents. The trust acts as a money market mutual fund investing in obligations of the United States of America, federal government agencies, and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Advances between funds are accounted for in the appropriate interfund receivable and payable accounts. These advances (reported in "due from" asset accounts) are considered "available spendable resources". Interfund activity between governmental funds is eliminated in the government wide financial statements.

Investments

All investments are stated at market value. The First Class Township Code authorizes the Township to invest its funds in savings accounts and certificates of deposit or time deposits provided that these deposits are insured or collateralized by a pledge or assignment of assets of the depository. In addition, the Township may invest its funds in obligations of the United States of America or the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, including their agencies or instrumentalities or political subdivisions of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Investment of monies in the Police Pension Fund is restricted by the Fiduciaries Investment Act. The Act allows the trustee to invest in securities which a prudent person would purchase.

Property Taxes and Accounts Receivable

The real estate taxes are collected from township residents. Assessed tax millage is 1.34155, 0.20861, and 0.06087 for general government, fire protection, and library services, respectively totaling \$1.61103. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of April 1 of the year following levy. Taxes levied on April 1 are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied April 1 become delinquent August 1.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisitions and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds. In the government wide financial statements, these assets are capitalized and depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life. Fixed assets in the Enterprise Fund are stated at cost. Depreciation of equipment in the Enterprise Fund is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the equipment.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Compensated Absences Provision

Vested or accumulated sick and vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as a expenditure and a fund liability of the fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated sick and vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as long term liabilities in the government wide financial statements. No expenditure or liability provision is reported for these amounts in the funds statements.

Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term obligations are reported in the government wide statement of activities as a governmental activity. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from operations of proprietary fund types are accounted for in those funds and as a business type activity.

Fund Balance Reserves

Specific fund balance reserves represent resources restricted for specific purposes such as capital projects. Standard fund balance reserve is used to segregate a portion of the fund balance to indicate that assets equal to the amount of the reserve are tied up in prepaid expenses and are, therefore, not available for appropriation.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in 2013 may have been restated to conform to current year presentation. Any such changes had no effect on previously reported changes in net assets.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgets and Financial Plans

The Township uses traditional, program and performance budgeting methods to develop the operating budget, which includes proposed expenditures and the means to finance them. The Township utilizes substantially the same basis of accounting for both budgetary purposes and actual results. The budget is adopted by ordinance and subject to change only by ordinance.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Water and Sewer Systems in Service

The water and sewer systems are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of the systems ranging from 15 to 50 years. Water Fund and Sewer Fund equipment is being depreciated over estimated useful lives ranging from five to seven years. The Township contracts with the City of Allentown for substantially all of its water utilities and wastewater treatment needs.

Pension Plans

The Township has two defined benefit pension plans. One plan covers all police officers employed on a full-time basis. The other plan covers all permanent nonuniformed salaried employees of the Township. Pension costs for both plans include current service costs, which are accrued and funded on a current basis, and prior costs which are amortized over 30 years.

Litigation

From time to time, the Township may be named as defendant in lawsuits concerning various matters. In the opinion of Township's legal counsel, there are no legal matters involving the Township which would require disclosure in the financial statements.

NOTE 2 INVESTMENTS AND DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

The Township, under the Pennsylvania First Class Township Code Act, as amended, is authorized to invest in direct obligations of the United States government, obligations guaranteed by the United States government, obligations of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, savings or time deposits and time certificates of deposit.

The deposit and investment policy of the Township adheres to state statutes and prudent business practice. There were no deposit or investment transactions during the year that were in violation of either the state statutes or the policy of the Township.

To the extent the Township's deposits with financial institutions are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, assets have been pledged by the financial institutions. The fair market value of pledged assets exceeded the carrying amount of deposits in the pools at year end.

Credit risk The risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations is called credit risk. The majority of the Township's investments are in U.S. Government Obligations and are therefore not exposed to this type of risk. Investments in PLGIT have received an AAAm rating from Standards & Poor's.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 2 INVESTMENTS AND DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (CONTINUED)

Custodial credit risk –deposits In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it.

The remaining balance was collateralized in accordance with Act 72 of the Pennsylvania state legislature, which requires the institution to pool collateral for all governmental deposits and have the collateral held by an approved custodian in the institution's name. The total amount of investments not secured by federal depository insurance was collateralized by securities pledged by the financial institution for such funds, but not in the Township's name.

Custodial credit risk investments For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust were established as common law trusts organized under laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Shares of the funds are offered to certain Pennsylvania school districts, intermediate units, area vocational-technical schools and municipalities.

The Township's deposits in these pooled funds are not subject to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. These investments are reflected as cash and cash equivalents on the balance sheet. The fair value of the Township's position in the external investment pools is the same as the value of the pool shares.

All investments in an external investment pools that are not SEC registered are subject to oversight by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

External Investment Pool (PLGIT)

The Trust is authorized to invest in full faith and credit obligations of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and its agencies, instrumentalities and political subdivisions. The Trust is also authorized to invest in certificates of deposit which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or which are collateralized as provided by law. For a more complete description of the Trust's operations and investments, please refer to its Annual Audit Report or Information Statement.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 4 PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

The Township records all real estate taxes levied and uncollected in the current year as receivable.

			 Special Reve	enue	Funds
			Fire]	Library
	(General Fund	otection Fund		Tax Fund
		runu	 runu		runu
Outstanding real estate taxes	\$	76,916	\$ 6,480	\$	3,153

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities

	Balar Janua		A	dditions	Deletions		Balance December 31
CAPITAL ASSETS							
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 668	,641	\$		\$		\$ 668,641
Building and Building Improvements	8,405	,990					8,405,990
Infrastructure	1,529	,844					1,529,844
Vehicles	2,102	,486		195,425			2,297,911
Equipment	704	,653		194,384			899,037
1 1	\$ 13,411	,614		389,809		0	\$ 13,801,423
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION							
Building and Building Improvements	\$ 3,14	6,593	\$	127,538	\$		\$ 3,274,131
Vehicles	1,47	0,635		105,458			1,576,093
Equipment	22	3,994		16,302			240,296
	\$ 4,84	1,222	\$	249,298	\$	0	\$ 5,090,520

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for Business Type Activities

	Balance January 1	Additions	Balance December 31
CAPITAL ASSETS			
Water System	\$ 3,234,969	\$	\$ 3,234,969
Sewer System	9,104,751		9,104,751
Computers and Equipment	489,601	62,938	552,539
	\$ 12,829,321	\$ 62,938	\$ 12,892,259
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			
Water System	\$ 1,830,754	\$ 62,113	\$ 1,892,867
Sewer System	6,869,663	286,144	7,155,807
	\$ 8,700,417	\$ 348,257	\$ 9,048,674

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 5 DEBT AND DEBT SERVICE

2010 General Obligation Bonds

The \$3,555,000 Bond was issued to provide funds for the advanced refunding of the Township's General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2002 and to finance the renovation and construction of the police department building. The bonds mature annually with interest due semiannually at interest rates averaging 2.945%, maturing in December 2029.

		Propri	etary
	Governmental	Fund	Types
	Fund Types	_(Enterpri	se Funds)
	General	Water	Sewer
	Fund	Fund	Fund
Outstanding, December 31,	\$ 1,863,000	\$ 302,000	<u>\$ 0</u>

Debt Service to Maturity:

·	Governmental	Proprietary	Total
2015	165,478	26,822	192,300
2016	163,414	26,486	189,900
2017	165,392	26,808	192,200
2018	162,704	26,370	189,074
2019	164,048	26,588	190,636
2020	160,694	26,042	186,736
2021	161,500	26,174	187,674
2022	162,026	26,260	188,286
2023	162,232	26,292	188,524
2024	162,068	26,382	188,450
2025	161,792	26,222	188,014
2026	161,160	26,118	187,278
2027	164,432	26,768	191,200
2028	162,884	26,516	189,400
2029	165,475	26,949	192,424
Total	2,445,299	396,797	2,842,096
Interest	(582,299)	(94,7997)	(677,096)
Principal	\$ 1,863,000	\$ 302,000	\$ 2,165,000

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

NONUNIFORMED EMPLOYEES PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Township contributes to the Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System, an agent multiple-employer public retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for municipalities in Pennsylvania. The Salisbury Township Nonuniformed Employees Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan participates in the Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System (PMRS) which is an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating municipal pension plans. PMRS issues a separate Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the CAFR can be obtained by contacting the PMRS accounting office.

All permanent non-uniform employees are eligible to participate in the Plan. Benefits vest after five years of service. Benefits equal 0.03 times years of credited service times average salary of last three years of service. Benefits paid shall not exceed 70% of an employee's average annual salary during the last three years of employment. The Plan also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by the Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System.

Funding Policy

Act 205 requires that annual contributions be based upon the Plan's minimum municipal obligation (MMO). The MMO is based upon the Plan's biennial actuarial valuation (the last available which is January 1, 2013).

In accordance with the Plan's governing Ordinance, members are not required to contribute to the Plan. Administrative costs, including the investment manager, custodial trustee and actuarial services, are charged to the Plan and funded through investment earnings. The Plan may also be eligible to receive an allocation of state aid from the General Municipal Pension System State Aid Program which must be used for pension funding. Any funding requirements established by the MMO in excess of employee contributions and state aid must be paid by the municipality in accordance with Act 205.

UNIFORMED POLICE PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Township contributes to The Salisbury Township Police Pension Plan, a single employer Public Employee Retirement System.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

UNIFORMED POLICE PENSION PLAN

All full-time uniform employees are eligible to participate in the Plan. Benefits vest after 12 years of service. Township employees who retire at age 50 or later and have 25 years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 50% of their average annual salary during their last three years of employment. The Plan also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by Salisbury Township.

Funding Policy

The amounts shown as the "Actuarial Accrued Liability" (AAL) are a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure is intended to help users assess the funding status of the Plans on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons among employers. The measure is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits and is independent of the funding method used to determine contributions to the Plans.

The Plan may also be eligible to receive an allocation of state aid from the General Municipal Pension System State Aid Program which must be used for pension funding. Any funding requirements established by the MMO in excess of employee contributions and state aid must be paid by the municipality in accordance with Act 205.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ANALYSIS OF FUNDING PROGRESS DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Analysis of the dollar amounts of net assets available for benefits, pension benefit obligation, and unfunded pension benefit obligation in isolation can be misleading. Expressing the net assets available for benefits as a percentage of the pension benefit obligation provides one indication of the Township's funding status on a going-concern basis. Analysis of this percentage over time indicates whether the Plan is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the Public Employee Retirement System. Trends in unfunded pension benefit obligation and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded pension benefit obligation as a percentage of annual covered payroll approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of the Township's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, the smaller this percentage, the stronger the Public Employee Retirement System.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Salisbury Township Police Pension Plan

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Funding Progress

The historical trend information about the plan is presented herewith as required supplementary information. It is intended to help users assess the plan's funding status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons with other state and local government retirement systems.

The actuarial information is required by Act 205 biennially, except for distressed pension plans, which require annual reporting. The historical information required to be disclosed is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	(1) Actuarial Value of Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	(3) Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (2) – (1)	(4) Funded Ratio (1) / (2)	(5) Annual Covered Payroll	(6) UAAL As a % of Payroll [(2) – (1)] / 5
01/01/1999	\$3,265,711	\$1,991,075	\$(1,274,636)	164.02%	\$479,874	-265.6%
01/01/2001	3,514,713	2,417,521	(1,097,192)	145.39%	534,420	-205.3%
01/01/2003	3,578,134	3,077,006	(501,128)	116.29%	612,423	-81.8%
01/01/2005	3,417,049	3,177,547	(239,502)	107.54%	633,787	-37.8%
01/01/2007	3,598,584	3,558,919	(39,665)	101.11%	766,383	-5.2%
01/01/2009	3,424,996	3,961,520	536,524	86.46%	995,467	53.9%
01/01/2011	3,510,408	4,255,533	745,125	82,5%	1,146,061	65.0%

Schedule of Contributions from the Employer

Plan Year End	Annual Required Contribution	Actual Contribution	Percentage Contributed
12/31/2005	\$ 56,491	\$ 56,491	100%
12/31/2006	88,418	88,418	100%
12/31/2007	97,960	97,960	100%
12/31/2008	108,413	108,413	100%
12/31/2009	129,610	129,610	100%
12/31/2010	219,168	219,168	100%
12/31/2011	222,285	222,285	100%
12/31/2012	258,273	258,273	100%

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Notes to Supplementary Schedules

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation date follows:

Actuarial valuation date

Actuarial cost method

January 1, 2011

Entry age normal cost

Amortization method N/A - 10% of excess assets over the

accrued liability is used to reduce the

required contribution

Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method

Actuarial assumptions

Investment rate of return Projected salary increases

N/A Fair value

7% 5%

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 7 NEWLY IMPLEMENTED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (A CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPAL)

GASB 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions

GASB 54 is intended to improve the usefulness of the amounts reported in fund balance by providing more structured classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. It moves the Township from the current standard of reporting three main classifications of fund balance (reserved, designated, and unreserved/undesignated) to five new fund balance classifications (nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned). The hierarchy of five possible classifications of fund balance is:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

- Amounts that cannot be spent due to form; for example, inventories and prepaid amounts. Also, long-term loan and notes receivables, and property held for resale would be reported here unless the proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned.
- Amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually.

Restricted Fund Balance

• Amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance

- Amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority. It would require action by the same group to remove or change the constraints placed on the resources.
- Action to constrain resources must occur prior to year-end; however, the amount can be determined in the subsequent period.

Assigned Fund Balance

- For all governmental funds other than the general fund, any remaining positive amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed.
- For the general fund, amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by a governing board or a body or official that has been delegated authority to assign amounts. Amount reported as assigned should not result in a deficit in unassigned fund balance.

Unassigned Fund Balance

• For the general fund, amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The general fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 8 ASSIGNMENT OF BALANCES – GENERAL FUND

Designations indicate tentative management plans for future use of certain financial resources that may or may not be ultimately approved or result in expenditure. Generally, designations are supported by definitive plans approved by the Township. The nature and purpose of designations of unreserved fund balances are as follows:

The nature and purpose of assigned fund balances are as follows:

2015 Assignments:	
Pension MMO	\$ 622,200
Debt Service, 2010 G.O. Bonds	166,100
Debt Service, Lease Purchase financing	12,100
Debt Services, Volunteer Fire Companies	38,600
Police Dept/Emergency Mgmt Equipment	34,900
QRS Equipment & Supplies	15,700
Public Works' Equipment	63,000
Lindberg Park Improvements	202,400
ESFD Truck Repair & Facilities Upgrade	22,300
	\$1,177,300

DETAIL SCHEDULES OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES



GENERAL FUND

DETAIL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Original and Ending Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (unfavorable)
REVENUES			
TAXES	4 - 4 - 40 000	4 -46 -40	
Real Estate Tax	\$ 1,742,000	\$ 1,746,543	\$ 4,543
Realty Transfer	320,000	665,985	345,985
Local Services Tax	440,000	480,768	40,768
Earned Income Tax	2,000,000	2,312,688	312,688
	4,502,000	5,205,984	703,984
LICENSES AND PERMITS			
Cable television licenses	210,000	228,807	18,807
Permits	2,900	4,959	2,059
	212,900	233,766	20,866
FINES, FORFEITS AND COSTS			
Vehicle Code Violations	50,000	83,108	33,108
Violations of Ordinances	23,000	24,828	1,828
	73,000	107,936	34,936
INTEREST AND RENTS	 -		
Interest Income	9,500	9,059	(441
Rents	54,400	54,780	380
	63,900	63,839	(61
SHARED REVENUES			
Federal grants	5,000	3,788	(1,212
State grants	175,000	213,979	38,979
Local grants	173,000	213,717	0
Recycling grant	43,000	40,612	(2,388
Beverage Licenses	1,800	1,800	0
Public Utility Tax	5,800	6,277	477
Payments in lieu of tax	28,200	28,200	0
Foreign Casualty Insurance	250,000	255,596	5,596
Foreign Fire Insurance Tax	100,000	110,179	10,179
	608,800	660,431	51,631
CHARGES FOR SERVICES			
Solid Waste Collection Fees		1,630,203	1,630,203
General government	2,000	1,849	(151
Public works			0
Subdivision filing			0
Engineering Review	95,500	52,988	(42,512
Zoning variance			0
Legal Review			0
Public Safety	319,500	273,204	(46,296
Other Charges for Service	25,200	17,503	(7,697
	442,200	1,975,747	1,533,547
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES			
Refund of prior years expenditure - Insurance	118,200	147,495	29,295
Contributions	89,800	90,600	800
Sale of Fixed Assets	0	12,456	12,456
	208,000	250,551	42,551
	200,000	250,551	12,551

GENERAL FUND

DETAIL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Original and Ending Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (unfavorable)
EXPENDITURES	-		
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
Legislative	\$ 19,200	\$ 17,787	\$ 1,413
Executive	297,401	310,352	(12,951
Finance	163,301	163,080	221
Tax Collection	60,101	59,530	571
Law	73,000	62,315	10,685
Other general government	68,300	56,340	11,960
Engineering	121,000	85,072	35,928
Building and Plant	166,702	170,099	(3,397
Building and I lant			
	969,005	924,575	44,430
PUBLIC SAFETY	1.041.400	1 000 (70	(150.05)
Police	1,841,400	1,999,678	(158,278
Fire	117,601	127,212	(9,611
Code Enforcement	241,301	169,229	72,072
Planning and Zoning	145,151	136,482	8,669
Emergency Management	25,800	15,228	10,572
	2,371,253	2,447,829	(76,576
PUBLIC WORKS			
Sanitation		1,578,154	(1,578,154
General Services	1,013,601	944,923	68,678
Leaf Collection and Composting	12,000	11,275	725
Traffic Control	15,000	13,718	1,282
Tools and Machinery	40,500	42,512	(2,012
Capital Construction and Equipment	282,250	275,843	6,407
Streets and Bridges	120,000	48,086	71,914
Storm Water Management	333,000	344,066	(11,066
	1,816,351	3,258,577	(1,442,226
CULTURE AND RECREATION	192,901	113,134	79,767
MISCELLANEOUS			
Contributions	58,300	60,948	(2,648
Refund of prior years revenue	250	2,929	(2,679
Other	800	1,178	(378
	59,350	65,055	(5,705
INSURANCE AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	_	_	
Insurance	130,500	134,569	(4,069
Social security	152,600	150,040	2,560
Unemployment comp	1,000	126	874
Pension	512,300	512,317	(17
Workers Compensation	76,800	59,654	17,146
Employee Benefits	809,400	769,289	40,111
	1,682,600	1,625,995	56,605
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 7,091,460	\$ 8,435,165	\$ (1,343,7)

COMBINING SCHEDULES



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TOWNSHIP OF SALISBURY COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2014

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	I	Library		Fire	G .	nignway Aid		Total
REVENUES		,						
Taxes	↔	79,519	S	272,212	∽		\$	351,731
Interest and rents		30		28		42		100
Miscellaneous revenues				9,000				9,000
Intergovernmental revenues						339,280		339,280
		79,549		281,240		339,322		700,111
EXPENDITURES								
Public safety				268,071				268,071
Public works						361,478		361,478
Culture and recreation		81,739						81,739
		81,739		268,071		361,478		711,288
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (INDER) EXPENDITURES		(2 190)		13 169		(22.156)		(11 177)
				101,01		(==, : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		(,,,,,,,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out				84,875				84,875
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		84,875		0		84,875
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)		(2,190)		98,044		(22,156)		73,698
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1		145,012		30,334		109,639		284,985
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	S	142,822	⊗	128,378	S	87,483	\$	358,683